

The five types of circulation/ suction entrapment

What you should do...

To ensure your pool is safe:

1. **Hair**
Hair entrapment occurs when a person's hair becomes entangled in a drain cover and can't be pulled free. 28.7% of cases*
2. **Limb**
Limb entrapment occurs when an arm or leg becomes stuck in a drain. The cover must be broken or missing for this to occur, but it does not require suction. 25.6% of cases.*
3. **Body**
Body entrapment occurs when a drain is completely covered by any part of a person's body and suction holds them in place. 29.8% of cases.*
4. **Evisceration / Disembowelment**
This occurs when someone sits on a drain that has suction, and a broken or missing cover, and injuries or disembowelment occurs. This can occur in a fraction of a second. 3.1% of cases.*
5. **Mechanical**
Mechanical entrapment occurs when an item on the person becomes entangled or stuck on a drain or drain cover (i.e. jewelry, bathing suit). 5.6% of cases.*

When you have a pool built:

- Speak with the pool company to ensure they are knowledgeable on suction entrapment and will build your pool to the ANSI/ APSP 7 standard as required by the Florida Building Code.
 - Only use a properly licensed company.
 - Discuss and understand your circulation, drain and drain cover options.
 - Federal requirements say that as of Dec. 20, 2008 only 2007 ASME A112.19.8 drain covers can be sold in the U.S. Request only 2007 ASME A112.19.8 certified covers be installed.
- ## When using any swimming pool:
- If any drain cover is broken or missing, do not enter or allow anyone else to enter the pool. Notify the pool owner or call your pool professional immediately to make necessary repairs.
 - Do not allow anyone, child or adult, to play with or sit on any suction outlet (drain) or with vacuum fittings!
 - Pull long hair back into a ponytail or a bathing cap.
 - Remove jewelry before entering the pool.

*Information was provided by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. Percentages were calculated based on the 195 cases reported to the CPSC for 1985-2007. In the remaining 7.2% of cases, the type of entrapment is unknown.



Other Pool Safety Tips:

- Always designate a pool watcher. This must be a responsible adult who will keep both eyes on the pool and swimmers.
- No diving in shallow water and always steer your dive up.
- No running or rough play around the pool.
- Go inside at the first sign of thunder storms.
- No glass/ breakable containers by the pool
- Never swim alone, this means adults too.
- Don't use the pool while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

- Wear sunscreen, and reapply!
- Keep up your safety fence, keep all doors and windows locked and watch all kids, even when the pool is not in use.
- Read and follow all labels and instructions when using or storing pool chemicals.
- Keep emergency phone numbers posted in the pool area.
- Always make sure the pool and pool area are lit when used after dusk.
- Never stand or play on a pool cover.



The Florida Swimming
Pool Association's
guide to ...

*Splash says, "For fun in pools,
follow the rules!"*



Circulation/ Suction Entrapment Safety

A visual guide to drains

Examples of some 2007 ASME A112.19.8 certified drain covers.



*Image provided by
Hayward.

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*Image provided by
AquaStar.

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