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1849	solar water heating.
1850	(b) Energy-efficient appliances.
1851	(c) Energy-efficient windows, doors, and skylights.
1852	(d) Low solar-absorption roofs, also known as "cool
1853	roofs."
1854	(e) Enhanced ceiling and wall insulation.
1855	(f) Reduced-leak duct systems and energy-saving devices
1856	and features installed within duct systems.
1857	(g) Programmable thermostats.
1858	(h) Energy-efficient lighting systems.
1859	(i) Energy-saving quality installation procedures for
1860	replacement air-conditioning systems, including, but not limited
1861	to, equipment sizing analysis and duct inspection.
1862	(j) Shading devices, sunscreening materials, and
1863	overhangs.
1864	(k) Weatherstripping, caulking, and sealing of exterior
1865	openings and penetrations.
1866	(1) Energy-efficient centralized computer data centers in
1867	office buildings.
1868	Section 43. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 553.909,
1.869	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1870	553.909 Setting requirements for appliances; exceptions
1871	(3) Commercial or residential swimming pool pumps or water
1872	heaters <u>manufactured</u> on or sold after July 1, 2011, shall comply
1.873	with the requirements of this subsection.
1874	(a) Natural gas pool heaters shall not be equipped with
1875	constantly burning pilots.
1876	(b) Heat pump pool heaters shall have a coefficient of

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1877 performance at low temperature of not less than 4.0.

- (c) The thermal efficiency of gas-fired pool heaters and oil-fired pool heaters shall not be less than 78 percent.
- (d) All pool heaters shall have a readily accessible onoff switch that is mounted outside the heater and that allows shutting off the heater without adjusting the thermostat setting.
- (4) (a) Residential swimming pool filtration pumps and pump motors manufactured on or after July 1, 2011, must comply with the requirements in this subsection.
- (b) Residential filtration pool pump motors shall not be split-phase, shaded-pole, or capacitor start-induction run types.
- (c) Residential <u>filtration</u> pool pumps and pool pump motors with a total horsepower of 1 HP or more shall have the capability of operating at two or more speeds with a low speed having a rotation rate that is no more than one-half of the motor's maximum rotation rate.
- (d) Residential <u>filtration</u> pool pump motor controls shall have the capability of operating the pool pump at a minimum of two speeds. The default circulation speed shall be the residential filtration speed, with a higher speed override capability being for a temporary period not to exceed one normal cycle or <u>24 hours 120 minutes</u>, whichever is less; except that circulation speed for solar pool heating systems shall be permitted to run at higher speeds during periods of usable solar heat gain.

Section 44. Section 553.912, Florida Statutes, is amended

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